功績累累

獲嘉為蘇格蘭人,生於 1892 年,1952 年逝世。獲嘉曾參與第一次世界大戰,1934 年移居香港,出任九廣鐵路(英段)的經理及總工程師,位於紅磡的「獲嘉道」便是以他命名。另外,獲嘉在公餘時間參與香港義勇防衛軍,1940 年擢升為中校,隸屬野戰工兵連。1941 年香港保衛戰期間,他帶領 70 名工程兵留守黃泥涌峽,期間受傷,幸獲同袍相救。英國政府於不同時段向獲嘉頒授了這11 枚勳章和紀念章,以表揚他在多個層面的傑出貢獻。

功绩累累

获嘉为苏格兰人,生于 1892 年,1952 年逝世。获嘉曾参与第一次世界大战,1934 年移居香港,出任九广铁路(英段)的经理及总工程师,位于红磡的「获嘉道」便是以他命名。另外,获嘉在公余时间参与香港义勇防卫军,1940 年擢升为中校,隶属野战工兵连。1941 年香港保卫战期间,他带领 70 名工程兵留守黄泥涌峡,期间受伤,幸获战友相救。英国政府于不同时段向获嘉颁授了这11 枚勋章和纪念章,以表扬他在多个层面的杰出贡献。

Abundant Achievements

Walker, who was born in Scotland in 1892 and passed away in 1952, fought in the First World War. He moved to Hong Kong in 1934 and worked as the manager and chief engineer of the Kowloon and Canton Railway (British Section). Walker Road, in Hung Hom, was named after him. He served in the Hong Kong Volunteer Defence Corps in his spare time and was promoted to Lieutenant-Colonel of the Field Company Engineers in 1940. During the Battle for Hong Kong in 1941, he defended Wong Nai Chung Gap with 70 engineers in his unit. He was wounded during the battle, but luckily, he was rescued by his comrades. The British Government awarded 11 medals of honour and commemorative medals to Walker at different times, in recognition of his various contributions.